

Hair removal prior to vaginoplasty surgery



Who needs it?

Some people seeking vaginoplasty require some hair removal before surgery because they do not have enough skin on their penis to make a tube that will create a vagina. This includes:

- If you are circumcised (a procedure that removes the foreskin, which is a loose fold of skin covering the end of the penis)
- stops or reduces the effects of testosterone)
- If the surgeon decides that you require hair removal

Your surgeon will discuss this with you and let you know if hair removal is required, and if so, this will be funded by the NHS.

Do I have to have it?

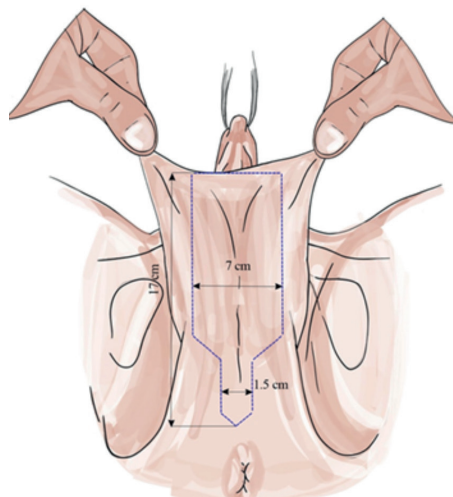
It is **very** important to make sure that any required hair removal is completed before surgery, because if there is any coarse (thick) hair left behind, then you may get hair regrowing in the vagina, which accessible to any method of hair removal.

After hair removal:

Your hair removal provider will need to check the area 12 weeks after hair removal seems to be complete, removal, but it is necessary to check if the hair will grow back. With your permission they will send pictures of the hair removal site for the surgeon to check. The surgeon may want to see you in person, if the pictures are not clear, before they book you for surgery. Generally speaking, if 70% or more of your hair has been removed and is still gone at 12 weeks after treatment, that will be enough to go ahead with surgery.

What area of skin needs treating?

The template below shows the standard area of skin that vaginoplasty surgeons require hair removal from. This area of skin is from the scrotum (the pouch of skin that contains the testicles) and the perineum (the area between the scrotum and the anus). This area should be approximately 2cm from the anus and up to the base of the penis. If there is hair on the shaft of the penis (between the base and the tip), this should be removed as well. The hair removal provider should not remove hair from the suprapubic area (the area between the belly button and the penis), as this helps to hide scars.



Methods of Epilation:

There are two methods that may be used for donor site hair removal – the following information is designed to help you choose which might be best for you. Laser is a much faster option, but not suitable

– e.g. some of your hair is grey or white. Your hair removal provider will be able to advise you on this during the initial appointment. If both laser and electrolysis are required, usually it is best to have laser and then electrolysis on the hairs that laser cannot treat.

Laser

How it works:

The objective of laser treatment is to produce permanent hair reduction without damaging the surrounding tissue. During hair removal, a laser produces a light that is absorbed by the melanin (pigment) in the hair. The light energy is converted to heat, which damages the hair follicle (the sheath surrounding the root of a hair) and prevents regrowth of dark hair.

Will it be suitable for me?

As laser light is attracted to melanin in the hair, it works best on dark hair and light skin. However, modern lasers now are able to treat hair on most skin tones with good results. Red hair, very blonde, white or grey hair is not suitable for laser treatment.

The hair reduction provider will go through your suitability and medical history prior to treatment. Certain health conditions and medications have an effect on the skin, but this will be discussed at the

the best results.

lighter or grey hair.

Is it permanent?

It is considered to be permanent hair reduction. Fewer hairs re-grow as treatment progresses, and this

will talk to you about this when treatment is complete. However, only hair containing dark pigment will respond to this treatment.

How many sessions might I need?

This varies but for donor site laser treatment you will need to have as many sessions as required to ensure hair is reduced enough to be ready for surgery – the NHS covers this cost.

How long and how often are the sessions?

This can vary – sessions are usually no longer than an hour and take place every 4-6 weeks.

Does it hurt?

It can be uncomfortable. New laser technologies are more advanced and effective, with less discomfort, which your hair reduction provider can advise you about.

Does it have side effects, and will my skin be damaged?

The following temporary side effects are reported:

- Redness and/or tenderness of the treatment area.
- Itchiness, mild irritation, swelling or “tingling” which normally disappears within 48 hours.

Rarely, the following can occur:

- - / antibacterial and skin-calming lotions.
- Hypo or hyperpigmentation – lightening or darkening of the area of skin. This can be temporary or permanent. Patch testing will be carried out on the skin prior to treatment.
- Rarely, an increase in hair growth can be seen after treatment - where more hair enters the next growing phase than usual, but the next treatment will remove this hair.

Pre and post treatment considerations:

Ensure you do not have sun exposure in the few weeks before and after treatment. Your provider will be

but **do not** wax, pluck or use hair removing creams, as the hair needs to be present in the follicle but very short in length. Leave 2 days after treatment before shaving. Avoid getting hot and sweaty for 24

perfumed lotions for 24 - 48 hours after treatment.

How do I choose a provider?

You may wish to consider the location of the provider, their opening hours, accessibility, how long the provider has been offering laser hair removal, their reviews, and what type of laser they use. Ultimately, you will need to consult with the laser provider to decide whether the treatment they offer will be right for you.



IPL

IPL (Intense Pulsed Light) has some similarities with laser but is not available for NHS-funded hair reduction as part of the gender dysphoria pathway.

Electrolysis

How it works:

current that damages and eventually destroys the hair follicle. There are 3 different methods to achieve this:

- **Thermolysis:** uses a high frequency alternating current that is passed down through the needle to the hair follicle. The high frequency causes vibration in the cells of the hair follicle to produce enough heat to destroy the follicle.
- **Galvanic electrolysis:** a direct electric current is passed down a needle into the hair follicle where it creates a chemical reaction. This reaction converts salt in the tissue into sodium hydroxide, which then destroys the follicle. Galvanic electrolysis is not widely used except in blend modality.
- **Blend:** combines both the galvanic and thermolysis methods, using the heat of thermolysis to speed the chemical reaction of galvanic.

Will it be suitable for me?

Electrolysis can treat any hair colour. Most people can have electrolysis. However, it should not be used

Is it permanent?

Yes, electrolysis is considered permanent hair reduction after progressive treatments.

How many sessions might I need?

Electrolysis takes time, a lot longer than laser hair reduction. This varies widely from person to person, depending on hair density, pain tolerance, and how much hair you need removed. Your electrolysis provider may be able to give a very rough estimate at your initial consultation. For donor site hair reduction the NHS funding covers however many sessions it takes to complete the treatment ready for surgery.

Does it hurt?

cream prior to treatment – talk to your electrolysis provider about this at your consultation.

Does it have side effects and will it damage my skin?

People often report it is painful or uncomfortable, but this is short-lived. There may be brief redness and swelling, and occasional tiny reddish pinprick scabs. Scarring is rare and should not be expected. Infection is rare and should not occur if aftercare advice is followed. It should not cause damage to your

Pre and post treatment considerations:

Avoid sweating, sun, make up, and swimming for 48 hours after treatment and use an aftercare product as recommended by your electrolysis provider.



Referral process:

Your Surgical Provider can refer you to GDNRSS for donor site hair reduction. This This will mean sending details about you including name, address, General Practitioner (GP), planned surgery and gender dysphoria diagnosis. You will need to **agree** to this in order for the referral to proceed. Personal data is kept under strict control under data protection laws.

If you have not already chosen your hair reduction provider, the GDNRSS team will contact you to

You will be able to **access the GDNRSS Nurse-led virtual consultation service** (phone, video call or email) if you have any questions. See below for details of how to access this service.

book your initial consultation and patch test and decide with the hair reduction provider on the course of treatment. **We recommend that you do thorough research beforehand and make an initial phone call to the provider as the funding only covers 1 in person consultation and patch test (unless treatment is not suitable).**

Once Treatment Begins: You will be under the care of your chosen hair reduction provider. To ensure the best possible outcome, you need to follow any advice given and attend appointments within the timeframe agreed, as results are time sensitive. You will also need to adhere to their service guidelines and policies. This includes rules around conduct, cancellations and no shows.

Post treatment: The hair reduction provider will arrange to see you 12 weeks after the end of treatment to check for any hair regrowth. If there is no regrowth, then your surgical provider can look at booking you for your surgery. If there is regrowth, then more sessions will be needed.

It is extremely important that treatment is fully complete before surgery – as explained above, it is impossible to treat the hair after surgery with electrolysis and laser. Hair regrowing in the vagina can cause discomfort and infections and the tissue may need to be removed surgically, which would mean a shortened vaginal depth or potentially loss of the vagina.

Change of personal details: If you have changed your name or moved address, please ensure that you communicate this change to us and your hair reduction provider. If the name you give the hair reduction provider does not match the one the Gender Dysphoria Clinic has given us, it could delay or prevent payment for this service. However, please feel free to inform your hair reduction provider of any alternative name you would prefer to be known by and they will be happy to make you welcome and comfortable.

Gender Dysphoria National Referral Support Service

NHS Arden and Greater East Midlands Commissioning Support Unit

T: 01522 857799

E: agem.gd-hairreduction@nhs.net

W: ardengemcsu.nhs.uk



Who can I contact if I have a question?

If you have any queries or require advice you can contact your:

- Surgical team
- GP
- Gender Dysphoria Clinic

The NHS Gender Dysphoria National Referral Support Service (GDNRSS) have a support line available for questions and queries regarding specialist gender surgery in England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

We can answer questions relating to:

- General enquiries
- Clinical or non-clinical information
- Your referral
- The status of your chosen hospital for your surgical referral
- Information relating to travel and any other practicalities



Book a consultation (video, telephone or email) with one of our trained Specialist Nurse Advisors who are available to discuss a wide variety of issues relating to gender surgery. Specialities include top surgery, feminising surgery and masculinising surgery.

For more information contact:  agem.gdnrss@nhs.net

Telephone: 01522 857799 Email: agem.gdnrss@nhs.net

The service is open to anyone aged 17 or over who has been referred for or is considering gender surgery.

NHS

The banner features a blue background with a green speech bubble icon, a pink circular graphic with a group of diverse people, and the NHS logo.

Contacting you

- Your GDC will ask you if you prefer to be contacted by the GDNRSS team via email or letter and this
- We will email or write to you to let you know your referral has been received and how this has been processed using your preferred contact method.
- We will not be aware of any changes in your personal circumstances, therefore any correspondence from us will be sent to the address or email provided by you to your GDC.
- Please ensure that your contact details are up to date with us and your GDC and contact us if you have a different way you would prefer us to make contact.
- We value your views to help improve services and we may on occasion contact you to gather information about your experience and outcomes after surgery, which is known as patient reported outcome measures (PROMs).

How we use your information

Referrals are sent to us using a confidential electronic referral system.

- Once received, referrals are securely stored, and our referral system is governed by the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).
- We take our responsibility to protect your data and confidentiality extremely seriously and the information we receive can only be used by trained staff who work under close supervision.

We do not share your information with anyone other than those involved in your care and treatment.



We are available from:
Monday – Friday
9am – 5pm



You can contact us via telephone:
Telephone Number –
01522 857799

Feedback



Please let us know if you do not want us to contact you to complete patient surveys. If you would like to provide feedback, please email us at: agem.gdnrss@nhs.net

If you require information in another language or format, please contact the team at: agem.gdnrss@nhs.net

